	COMPOSITE TECHNOLOGIES		
	HydroChain Chamber MHR Operation and Maintenance Manual		
	ISSUE DATE	DOCUMENT #	REVISION #
	08/26/2025	06T-00046	0

1. INTRODUCTION

The HydroChain Main Header Row (MHR) is a stormwater treatment component of underground storage basins used to provide stormwater filtration to remove pollutants with simple inspection and maintenance requirements. This manual provides guidance for procedures and best practices to inspect and maintain the MHR system to ensure functionality.

The site owner is responsible for creating, recording, and retaining inspection and maintenance records in accordance with their site requirements and applicable regulations. An example inspection and maintenance log is provided at the end of this manual. Proper maintenance is required for warranty coverage.


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Contact your sales representative or Xerxes for support.

North America: stormwater.support@mattr.com



Figure 1: A Main Header Row is shown on geotextile fabric on the top left of the image and is connected to the system by cross-connection pipes.

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The Main Header Row consists of chambers placed over a woven geotextile fabric, inspection ports and cross-connection pipes connected to the rest of the storage system (which can be constructed of chambers, crates or vaults). These components are identified in the standard MHR image below.

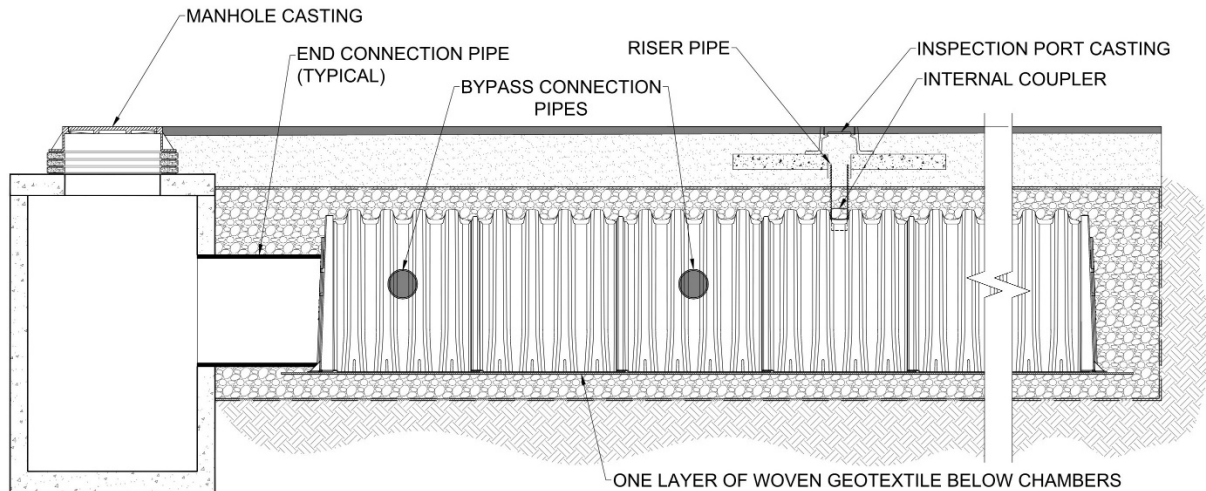


Figure 2: Main Header Row schematic showing inspection port, cross-connection pipes and woven geotextile

2. OPERATION


The MHR must only receive stormwater runoff in accordance with the system's permit, applicable regulations and manufacturer's specifications.

Prevent loads over the system greater than the allowable specified in the construction plans.

Perform regular maintenance of the area that drains to the chamber system – such as pavement sweeping – to limit the amount of sediment, waste and other contaminants that enter the system.

An inspection and maintenance schedule should be created based on the following factors:

- System size
- Site and environmental conditions
- Drainage area
- Annual rainfall
- Volume of stormwater runoff

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- Volume of sediment, dirt, debris and trash entering the system

Following installation, perform an initial inspection then every 6 months minimum. To verify the system is functioning as designed, inspect the system immediately after the first major rainfall or storm event after installation. Inspection frequency may be increased or decreased based on the site conditions and regulatory requirements after the first year of operation. Following the procedures outlined in this document at the recommended time intervals is vital to extending the life of the system and maintaining functionality.

3. INSPECTION PROCEDURE

Inspect the MHR system by accessing the inspection ports and inlet structures. Inspection ports are commonly located over the MHR. Inlet structures are commonly located next to the MHR. Refer to the system plans for exact locations. Inspection locations have removable covers at the surface.

NOTE: Entry into the MHR and adjacent manholes is NOT required for inspection and is typically not recommended. Consult local and national regulations regarding confined space entry before entering any underground structure.

Visually inspect the MHR at each inspection point.


To determine the level of standing water and accumulated sediment, use a stadia rod to:

- Measure the distance between the top of the access riser to the top of the water level. This is measurement #1.
- Measure the distance between the top of the access riser to the top of the sediment. This is measurement #2.
- Measure the distance between the top of the access riser and the bottom of the chambers. This is measurement #3.

NOTE: One method to determine measurements #2 and #3 is to lower a stadia rod towards the bottom of the manhole or vault until resistance is encountered. If sediment has collected, this is the top of the collected sediment (#2). Push the stadia rod through the sediment to the bottom (#3).

Subtract measurement #1 from measurement #3. This is the depth of water within the system. Consult the site permit and local regulations for acceptable water depth to determine if maintenance is required.

NOTE: Review the site stormwater permit, and relevant rules and regulations to determine the level of standing water that will dictate when maintenance is required. Chamber systems typically drain dry within 72 hours of the most recent rainfall.

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Subtract measurement #2 from #3. If the value is greater than 3 inches, maintenance needs to be performed.

Record recommended or required maintenance on the inspection and maintenance log provided by the system owner. An example log is provided at end of this manual.

4. MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

NOTE: It is recommended to use a pump-out vehicle such as a hydrovac truck equipped with suction and flushing capabilities, or a submersible sediment (sludge) pump with hoses,. A truck with sufficient storage capacity is necessary to completely remove floating waste, standing water and sediment.

Before beginning maintenance and cleaning, review the inspection record for notes on the sediment amount and maintenance recommendations.

Maintenance is to be performed at adjacent inlet and outlet structures, and via inspection ports over the Main Header Row. Review construction plans to determine the location of all Main Header Rows.


To begin maintenance and cleaning, remove the access cover. Remove standing water, sediment and debris with a vacuum truck.

Follow the procedure below to remove water, sediment and debris from the Main Header Row:

- Insert a nozzle with a 12-inch spray width and pressure of 1000-2000 psi through the access to the opposite end of the MHR. With the nozzle sprayer on, slowly pull it back out to flush the sediment to the access point. At the same time, remove water and sediment with the vacuum truck.
- Systems that have access at two ends of a Main Header Row may be flushed with clean water from one end, with sediment and flush water removed from the other end.
- Repeat the flushing process for each MHR in the system until all sediment is removed.

Dispose of all removed water and waste material in accordance with applicable regulations.

Record details of maintenance performed in the inspection, maintenance and cleaning log provided by the site owner. Report inspection and maintenance results as necessary per applicable regulations.

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Site Data

Owner	
Address	
System ID	
Installation Date	

Inspection and Maintenance Log

Date of inspection or maintenance	
Name company and persons performing activity	
System observations	
Depth of water	
Depth of sediment	
Depth of system	
Description of inspection and maintenance actions	
Recommendations	
Notes	